

LEWIS GROUP LIMITED



ANNUAL MERRILL LYNCH CONFERENCE

MARCH 2013

Agenda



1. The Investment Case
2. Debtor Analysis
3. Financial Results
4. Outlook
5. Questions



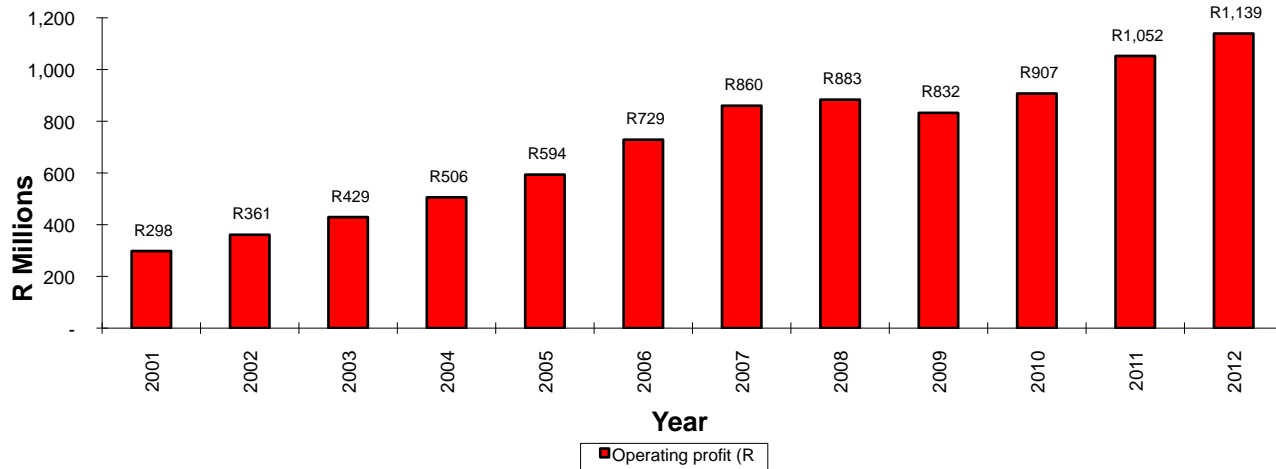
1. The Investment Case



Operating Profit - History



Solid operating performance over the past 12 years –
Compound annual growth of 13%



15%	18%	21%	22%	24%	25%	26%	25%	22%	22%	23%	23.5%
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Operating margin
%

1. The Investment Case



- Solid business model established over past 75 years.
- Consistent performance.
- Historically high operating margin business with low cost structures.
 - Small format Lewis store
 - Best Home & Electric allied furniture lines

The Investment Case (Cont'd)



- Dividend per share – 54% payout.
- Merchandise management and innovation.
 - exclusivity a prime focus
 - two range launches per annum
- Solid stock turn.
- Integrated credit and marketing strategies focus on good paying customers.

The Investment Case (Cont'd)



- Develop long term customer relationships at store level.
- High level of repeat business. (55% of total sales).
- Target Market LSM 4-7. A focus of government spend.
- Centralised credit granting processes.
- Sophisticated credit application, behavioural scorecards and affordability models.

The Investment Case (Cont'd)



- Customer debt to income ratio (49%) well below national average.
- Proven store based collections process.
- Experienced management team.
- CHALLENGE TO THE INVESTMENT CASE
Unemployment and slow job creation remains a risk.

Core Strengths



- Re-serve model → ± 55% of sales from repeat business
- In store promotions → Building customer relationships and loyalty
- Convenience → Extensive store network
- Selection → Merchandise offers to meet local needs
- Small storerooms positioned close to shop → 90% of deliveries executed within 24 hours
- Immediate Credit decision → Centralised credit approval
- Store based collections → Face to face contact with customer

Re-serve Scheme



- Identifies qualifying current customers for further credit extension.
- Fully integrated with debtors system and store operations.
- Driven by historic payment behaviour & total indebtedness.
- Customer base segmented and targeted monthly.
- Promotional offers targeted via direct mailing.
- In-store operations – follow through on promotional offers.

2. Debtor Analysis



Debtors



- The Lewis business model is credit based with 72% - 75% of sales on credit.
- 700 000 individual debtors with a debtors book of R5.3 billion.
- Debtor provisions well above debtor costs.

Debtor Costs



	H1/2013 Rm	H1/2012 Rm
Total Debtor costs	242	247
▪ Bad debts written off	35	49
▪ Impairment provision	207	198
Debtor costs as a % of net debtors	4.6%	5.1%

Debtor Impairment Provision



	H1/2013 Rm	H1/2012 Rm
Net Debtors before provision	5 303	4 835
Impairment provision	1 082	956
Impairment provision %	20.4%	19.8%
Credit application decline rate	36.7%	32.4%

Debtor Payment Analysis



Impairment provision allocated on number of customers in the four summary categories.

Debtor's Payment Analysis		NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS			IMPAIRMENT PROVISION %		
			H1/2013	H1/2012	H1/2013	H1/2012	March 2012
Satisfactory paid	Customers fully up to date including those who have paid 70% or more of amounts due over the contract period	No.	479 486	512 825			
		%	69.7%	71.6%	1%	1%	1%
Slow payers	Customers who have paid between 70% and 65% of amounts due over the contract period	No.	53 059	53 625			
		%	7.7%	7.5%	25%	28%	26%
Non performing customers	Customers who have paid between 65% and 55% of amounts due over the contract period	No.	48 268	46 847			
		%	7.0%	6.6%	42%	44%	42%
Non performing customers	Customers who have paid 55% or less of amounts due over the contract period	No.	106 953	102 492			
		%	15.6%	14.3%	96%	98%	95%
			687 766	715 789	20.4%	19.8%	18%

- Average impairment provision on non performing customers 79% (LY: 81%)
- Continue to provide for the insurance charges that may be impacted by the *in duplum* rule.

3. Financial Results



1. Overview of Results



R2 429 m	R438 m	R520 m	419c	212c
+ 6.6%	37.7%	21.4%	+10.6%	+ 23.3%
Revenue	Gross Profit	Operating Profit Margin	Headline Earnings per share	Interim Dividend
LY 2 279 m	LY 420 m	LY 499 m	LY 379c	LY 172c

Income Statement



	H1/2013	H1/2012	
	Rm	Rm	%
Revenue	2 429	2 279	6.6%
Merchandise Sales	1 161	1 091	6.4%
Gross profit margin %	37.7%	38.5%	
Operating profit (R mil)	520	499	4.4%
Operating margin %	21.4%	21.9%	
Attributable earnings (R mil)	374	337	10.8%
EPS (cents)	421	382	10.4%
Headline EPS (cents)	419	379	10.6%

Segmental Analysis



H1/2013		<u>Group</u>	<u>Lewis</u>	<u>Best</u>	<u>My Home</u>
Revenue (Rm)		2 429	2 038	329	62
Revenue growth (%)		6.6%	6.3%	7.8%	10.5%
Operating profit (Rm)		520	450	66	4
Operating margin	H1:13	21.4%	22.1%	20.0%	6.3%
	H1:12	21.9%	22.7%	20.9%	(2.3%)
Number of stores	H1:13	610	472	125	13

Analysis of Costs

Excluding Debtor Costs



	H1/2013 Rm	H1/2012 Rm	Change %
Employment costs	390	360	8.4%
Admin and IT	105	106	(0.7%)
Marketing	108	98	10.3%
Occupancy costs	112	98	14.7%
Transport/Travel	95	83	13.6%
Depreciation	30	28	9.8%
Other operating costs	103	89	14.6%
Total	943	862	9.4%
% of revenue	38.8%	37.8%	

Balance Sheet Overview



	H1/2013 Rm	H1/2012 Rm
Property, plant and equipment	325	298
Investments	1 498	1 175
Inventory	390	308
Net Debtors	4 357	3 982
Cash	109	111
Total assets	6 679	5 874
Shareholders' equity and reserves	4 478	3 899
Retirement benefits	66	64
Tax and Deferred Tax	128	112
Creditors	702	646
Interest-bearing borrowings	1 305	1 153
Total equity and liabilities	6 679	5 874

Capital Ratios



	H1/2013	H1/2012
ROE – after tax (%)	17.0%	17.6%
ROCE – after tax (%)	14.6%	14.6%
ROA – before tax (%)	17.8%	18.6%
Interim Dividend declared (cents)	212	172
Gearing ratio (%)	26.7%	26.7%

4. Outlook



Outlook for 2013/14



THIRD QUARTER TRADING UPDATE – DECEMBER 2012

Merchandise Sales

- 3rd quarter increase 2.7%
- Year to date (9 months) 4.8%

Debtor Costs (cum 9 months to December) +5.4% (R23m)

Outlook for 2013/14 (Cont'd)



- The proven business model – a competitive advantage
- Management of debtor book – a top priority
- Merchandise – a key focus
- Regulatory environment

Outlook



	<u>2013</u>	<u>Medium-term</u>
• Financial and operating targets		
Gross Profit margin (%)	36 – 38	36 – 38
Operating costs as a % of revenue	36 – 37	35 – 36
Debtor costs as a % of net debtors	9.5 – 10.5	8
Operating Profit margin (%)	23 – 24	26
Inventory turn (times)	5 – 5.5	5 – 5.5
Gearing (%)	28 – 32	< 35
• Stores expansion		
20 – 25 stores next year		

5. Questions